Amendments to the Claims:

 (Currently amended) A new derivative of 4,5,6,7-tetrabromobenzimidazole of Formula 1

$$Br \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R_1 \\ N \longrightarrow N \\ R_2$$

Formula 1

wherein

R₁ is a hydrogen or an aliphatic group; and

 R_2 is an aliphatic group, optionally substituted with a substituent selected from a hydroxyl and a substituted amino group.

- (Previously presented) The derivative according to Claim 1, which is 2-methylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole.
- (Previously presented) The derivative according to Claim 1, which is 2dimethylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole.
- (Previously presented) The derivative according to Claim 1, which is 2-ethanolamino-4.5.6.7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole.
- (Previously presented) The derivative according to Claim 1, which is 2isopropylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole.
- (Previously presented) The derivative according to Claim 1, which is 2-(2hydroxypropylamino)-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole.

- (Previously presented) The derivative according to Claim 1, which is 2-(2dimethylaminoethylamino)-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole.
- (Currently amended) A method of preparation of a new derivative of 4,5,6,7tetrabromobenzimidazole of Formula 1

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Br & R_1 \\ \hline \\ Br & N & N \\ \hline \\ Br & H \end{array}$$

Formula 1

comprising

(a) reacting a compound of Formula 2

$$Br$$
 Br
 N
 R_3

Formula 2

with an amine at an elevated temperature; and

(b) purifying the resulting product is purified by crystallization or silica gel chromatography

wherein

R₁ is a hydrogen or an aliphatic group;

 R_2 is an aliphatic group, optionally substituted with a substituent selected from a hydroxyl and a substituted amino group; and

R₃ is a halogen, an alkylthio, an alkoxy, a sulfone or an alkylsulfoxide.

- (Previously presented) The method of Claim 8, wherein R₃ is selected from the group
 -Cl, -Br, CH₃S-, C₂H₅S-, C₃H₇S-, CH₃O, and C₂H₅O-.
- (Currently amended) The method according to Claim 8 wherein said amine is a primary lower aliphatic amine.
- (Previously presented) The method according to Claim 10 wherein said primary aliphatic amine includes in the aliphatic chain additionally hydroxyl groups or substituted amino groups.
- 12. (Previously presented) The method according to Claim 8 wherein said amine is a secondary lower aliphatic amine.
- 13. (Previously presented) The method according to Claim 8 wherein said amine is used both as a reagent and as a co-solvent in an aqueous or alcoholic solution.
- 14. (Previously presented) The method according to Claim 8 wherein the reaction of said compound of Formula 2 with said amine is carried out at a temperature in the range between 80 to 140 °C.
- 15. (Cancelled)
- (Currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition exhibiting an anti-neoplastic activity an anti-leukemic activity comprising a pharmaceutically-effective amount of a new derivative of 4.5.6.7-tetrabromobenzimidazole of Formula 1

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$$Br \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R_1$$

$$N \longrightarrow N$$

$$R_2$$

Formula 1

and at least one inert, pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent wherein R_1 is a hydrogen or an aliphatic group; and

 R_2 is an aliphatic group, optionally substituted with a substituent selected from a hydroxyl and a substituted amino group.

- 17. (Currently amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 16, wherein said new derivative of 4,5,6,7-tetrabromobenzimidazole of Formula 1 is selected from the group consisting of 2-methylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; 2-dimethylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; 2-ethanolamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; 2-isopropylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; 2-(2-hydroxypropylamino)-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; and 2-(2-dimethylamino)-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole.
- 18. (Cancelled)
- 19. (Cancelled)
- 20. (Previously presented) A method of inhibiting caseine kinase 2 activity in a patient in the need of such treatment comprising administering to said patient a pharmaceutically-effective amount of the compound of Formula 1

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$$Br \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R_1$$

$$Br \longrightarrow N \longrightarrow R_2$$

Formula 1

wherein

R1 is a hydrogen or an aliphatic group; and

 R_2 is an aliphatic group, optionally substituted with a substituent selected from a hydroxyl and a substituted amino group.

- 21. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 19 Claim 20, wherein said compound of Formula 1 is selected from the group consisting of 2-methylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; 2-dimethylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; 2-isopropylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; 2-isopropylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; and 2-isopropylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; and 2-(2-dimethylaminoethylamino)-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; and 2-(2-dimethylaminoethylamino)-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole.
- 22. (Previously presented) A method of treating human leukemia in a patient in the need of such treatment comprising administering to said patient a pharmaceuticallyeffective amount of the compound of Formula 1

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Br & N & R_1 \\ \hline & N & N \\ Br & H & R_2 \end{array}$$

Formula 1

wherein

 R_1 is a hydrogen or an aliphatic group; and R_2 is an aliphatic group, optionally substituted with a substituent selected from a hydroxyl and a substituted amino group.

23. (Currently amended) The method of Claim-24 Claim 22, wherein said compound of Formula 1 is selected from the group consisting of 2-methylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; 2-dimethylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; 2-isopropylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; and 2-isopropylamino-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; and 2-(2-dimethylamino)-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; and 2-(2-dimethylamino)-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole; and 2-(2-dimethylamino)-4,5,6,7-tetrabromo-1H-benzimidazole.